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THE PRESIDENT'S MESSAGE

Official Communication From The President is Read in Congress

HIS SUGGESTIONS ON LEGISLATION

The President Makes Strong Recommendations Concerning Capital and Labor, Foreign Affairs, Army and Navy, Commerce and Other Subjects That Will Come Before Congress.

Following is the substance of the annual message of President Roosevelt, read in both Houses of Congress:

To the Senate and House of Representatives:

The Nation continues to enjoy noteworthy prosperity. Such prosperity is of course primarily due to the high individual average of our citizenship, taken together with our great natural resources; but an important factor therein is the working of our long-continued governmental policies. The people have emphatically expressed their approval of the principles underlying these policies, and their desire that these principles be kept substantially unchanged, although of course applied in progressive spirit to meet changing conditions.

CAUTION AGAINST EXTRAVAGANCE.

The enlargement of scope of the functions of the National Government required by our development as a nation involves, of course, increase of expense; and the period of prosperity through which the country is passing justifies expenditures for permanent improvementments far greater than would be wise in hard times. Battle ships and forts, public buildings, and improved waterways are investments which should be made when we have the money; but abundant revenues and a large surplus always invite extravagance, and constant care should be taken to guard against unnecessary increase of the ordinary expenses of government. The cost of doing Government business should be regulated with the same rigid scrutiny as the cost of doing a private business.

CAPITAL AND LABOR.

In the vast and complicated mechanism of our modern civilized life the dominant note is the note of industrialism; and the relations of capital and labor, and especially of organized capital and organized labor, to each other and to the public at large come second in importance only to the intimate questions of family life. Our peculiar form of government, with its sharp division of authority between the Nation and the several States, has been on the whole far more advantageous to our development than a more strongly centralized government. But it is undoubtedly responsible for much of the difficulty of meeting with adequate legislation the new problems presented by the total change in industrial conditions on this continent during the last half century. In actual practice it has proved exceedingly difficult, and in many cases impossible, to get unanimity of wise action among the various States on these subjects. From the very nature of the case this is especially true of the laws affecting the employment of capital in huge masses.

With regard to labor the problem is no less important, but it is simpler. As long as the States retain the primary control of the police power the circumstances must be altogether extreme which require interference by the Federal authorities, whether in the way of safeguarding the rights of labor or in the way of seeing that wrong is not done by unruly persons who shield themselves behind the name of labor. If there is resistance to the Federal courts, interference with the mails, or interstate commerce, or molestation of Federal property, or if the State authorities in some crisis which they are unable to face call for help, then the Federal Government may interfere; but though such interference may be caused by a condition of things arising out of trouble connected with some question of labor, the interference itself simply takes the form of restoring order without regard to the questions which have caused the breach of order—for to keep order is a primary duty and in a time of disorder and violence all other questions sink into abeyance until order has been restored. In the District of Columbia and in the Territories the Federal law covers the entire field of government; but the labor question is only acute in popular centers of commerce, manufactures, or mining. Nevertheless, both in the enactment and in the enforcement of law the Federal Government within its restricted sphere should set an example to the State governments, especially in a matter so vital as this affecting labor. I believe that under modern industrial conditions it is often necessary, and even where not necessary it is yet often wise, that there should be organization of labor in order better to secure the rights of the individual wage-worker. All encouragement should be given to any such organization, so long as it is conducted with a due and decent regard for the rights of others. There are in this country some labor unions which have habitually, and other labor unions which have often, been among the most effective agents in working for good citizenship and for uplifting the condition of those whose welfare should be closest to our hearts. But when any labor union seeks improper ends, or seeks to achieve proper ends by improper means, all good citizens and more especially all honorable public servants must oppose the wrondoing as resolutely as they would oppose the wrongdoing of any great corporation. Of course any violence, brutality, or corruption, should not for one moment be tolerated. Wage-workers have an entire right to organize and by all peaceful and honorable means to endeavor to persuade their feliows to join with them in organizations. They have a legal right, which, according to circumstances, may or may not be a moral right, to refuse to work in company with men who decline to join their organizations. They have under no circumstances the right to commit violence upon those, whether capitalists or wage-workers, who refuse to support their organizations, or who side with those with whom they are at odds; for mob rule is intolerable in any form.

EMPLOYERS' LIABILITY LAW.

The wage-workers are peculiarly entitled to the protection and the encouragement of the law. From the very nature of their occupation railroad men, for instance, are liable to be maimed in doing the legitimate work of their profession, unless the railroad companies are required by law to make ample provision for their safety. The Administration has been zealous in enforcing the existing law for this purpose. That law should be amended and strengthened. Wherever the National Government has power there should be a stringent employer's liability law, which should apply to the Government itself where the Government is an employer of labor.

PREVENTION OF RAILROAD ACCIDENTS.

The ever-increasing casualty list upon our railroads is a matter of grave public concern, and urgently calls for action by the Congress. In the matter of speed and comfort of railway travel our railroads give at least as good service as those of any other nation, and there is no reason why this service should not also be as safe as human ingenuity can make it. Many of our leading roads have been foremost in the adoption of the most approved safeguards for the protection of travelers and employees, yet the list of clearly avoidable accidents continues unduly large. The passage of a law requiring the adoption of a blocksignal system has been proposed to the Congress. I earnestly concur in that recommendation, and would also point out to the Congress the urgent need of legislation in the interest of the public safety limiting the hours of labor for railroad employees in train service upon railroads engaged in interstate commerce, and providing that only trained and experienced persons be employed in positions of responsibility connected with the operation of trains. Of course nothing can ever prevent accidents caused by human weakness or misconduct; and there should be drastic punishment for any railroad employee, whether officer or man, who by issuance of wrong orders or by disobedience of orders causes disaster. The law of 1901, requiring interstate railroads to make monthly reports of all accidents to pasengers and employees on duty, should also be amended so as to empower the Government to make a personal investigation, through proper officers, of all accidents involving loss of life which seem to require investigation, with a reqpirement that the result of such investigation be made public.

UNIONS OF GOVERNMENT EMPLOYEES.

There is no objection to employees of the Government forming or belonging to unions; but the Government can neither discriminate for nor discriminate against nonunion men who are in its employment, or who seek to be employed under it. Moreover, it is a very grave impropriety for Government employees to band themselves together for the purpose of extorting emproperly high salaries from the Government. Especially is this true of those within the classified service. The letter carriers, both municipal and rural, are as a whole an excellent body of public servants. They should be amply paid. But their payment must be obtained by arguing their claims fairly and honorably before the Congress, and not by banding together for the defeat of those Congressmen who refuse to give promises which they can not in conscience give. The Administration has already taken steps to prevent and punish abuses of this nature; but it will be wise for the Congress to supplement this action by legislation.

BUREAU OF LABOR.

Much can be done by the Government in labor matters merely by giving publicity to certain conditions. The Bureau of Labor has done excellent work of this kind in many different directions. I shall shortly lay before you in a special mesage the full report of the investigation of the Bureau of Labor into the Colorado mining strike, as this is a a strike in which certain very evil forces, which are more or less at work everywhere under the conditions of modern industrialism, became startlingly prominent. It is greatly to be wished that the Department of Commerce and Labor, through the Labor Bureau, should compile and arrange for the Congress a list of the labor laws of the various States, and should be given the means to investigate and report to the Congress upon the labor conditions in the manufacturing and mining regions throughout the country, both as to wages, as to hours of labor, as to the labor of women and children, and as to the effect in the various labor centers of immigration from abroad. In this investigation especial attention should be paid to the conditions of child labor and child-labor legislation in the several States.

CORPORATIONS.

When we come to deal with great corporations the need for the Government to act directly is far greater than in the case of labor, because great corporations can become such only by engaging in interstate commerce, and interstete commerce is peculiarly the field of the General Government. It is an absurdity to expect to eliminate the abuses in great corporations by State action. It is difficult to be patient with an argument that such matters should be left to the States, because more than one State pursues the policy of creating on easy terms corporations which are never operated within that State at all, but in other States whose laws they ignore. The National Government alone can deal adequately with these great corporations. To try to deal with them in an intemperate, destructive, or demagogic spirit would, in all probability, mean that nothing whatever would be accomplished; and, with absolute certainty, that if anything were accomplished it would be of a harmful nature. The American people need to continue to show the very qualities that they have shown—that is, moderation, good sense, the earnest desire to avoid doing any damage, and yet the quiet determination to proceed, step by step, without halt and without hurry, in elimnating or at least in minimizing whatever of mischief or of evil there is to interstate commerce in the conduct of great corporations. They are acting in no spirit of hostility to wealth, either individual or corporate. They are not against the rich man any more than against the poor man. On the contrary, they are friendly alike toward rich man and toward poor man, provided only that each acts in a spirit of justice and decency toward his fellows. Great corporations are necessary, and only men of great and singular mental power can manage such corporations successfully, and such men must have great rewards. But these corporations should be managed with due regard to the interest of the public as a whole. Where this can be done under the present laws it must be done. Where these laws come short others should be enacted to supplement them.

Yet we must never forget the determining factor in every kind of work, of head or hand, must be the man's own good sense, courage, and kindliness. More important than any legislation is the gradual growth of a feeling of responsibility and forbearance among capitalists and wage-workers alike; a feeling of respect on the part of each man for the rights of others; a feeling of broad community of interest, not merely of capitalists among themselves, and of wage-workers alike; a feeling of respect on the part of each man for the rights of others; a feeling of broad community of interest, not merely of capitalists among themselves, and of wage-workers among themselves, but of capitalists and wage-workers in their relations to each other, and of both in their relations to their feilows who with them make up the body politic. There are many captains of industry, many labor leaders, who realize this.

BUREAU OF CORPORATIONS.

The policy of the Bureau is to accomplish the purposes of its creation by ccoperation, not antagonism; by making constructive legislation, not destructive prosecution, the immediate object of its inquiries; by conservative investigation of law and fact, and by refusal to issue incomplete and hence necessarily inaccurate reports. Its policy being thus one of open inquiry into, and not attack upon, business, the Bureau has been able to gain not only the confidence, but, better still, the cooperation of men engaged in legitimate business.

The Bureau offers to the Congress the means of getting at the cost of production of our various great staples of commerce.

Of necessity the careful investigation of special corporations will afford the Commissioner knowledge of certain business facts, the publication of which might be an improper infringement of private rights. The method of making public the results of these investigations affords, under the law, a means for the protection of private rights. The Congress will have all facts except such as would give to another corporation information which would injure the legitimate business of a competitor and destroy the incentive for individual superirority and thrift.

The Bureau has also made exhaustive examinations into the legal condition under which corporate business is carried on in the various States; into all judicial decisions on the subject; and into the various systems of corporate taxation in use. I call special attention to the report of the chief of the Bureau; and I earnestly ask that Congress carefully consider the report and recommendations of the Commissioner on this subject.

AGRICULTURE.

The Department of Agriculture has grown into an educational institution with a faculty of two thousand specialists making research into all the sciences of production. The Congress appropriates, directly and indirectly, six millions of dollars annually to carry on this work. It reaches every State and Territory in the Union and the islands o fthe sea lately come under our flag. Cooperation is had with the State experiment stations, and with many other institutions and individuals. The world is carefully searched for new varieties of grains, fruits, grasses, vegetables, trees, and shrubs, suitable to various localities in our country; and marked benefit to our producers has resulted.

The activities of our age in lines of research have reached the tillers of the soil and inspired them with ambition to know more of the principles that govern the forces of nature with which they have to deal. Nearly half of the people of this country devote their energies to growing things from the soil. Until a recent date little has been done to prepare these millions for their life work. In most lines of human activity college-trained men are the leaders. The farmer had no opportunity for special training until the Congress made provision for it forty years ago. During these years progress has been made and teachers have been prepared. Over five thousand students are in attendance at our State agricultural colleges. The Federal Government expends ten millions of dollars annually toward this education and for research in Washington and in the several States and Territories. The Department of Agriculture has given facilities for postgraduate work to five hundred young men during the last seven years, preparing them for advanced lines of work in the Department and in the State institutions.

PENSIONS.

The veterans of the Civil War have a claim upon the nation such as no other body of our citizens possess. The Pension Bureau has never in its history been managed in a more satisfactory manner than is now the case.

JAMESTOWN TRI-CENTENNIAL.

In 1907 there will be held at Hampton Roads the tricentennial celebration of the settlement at Jamestown, Virginia, with which the history of what has now become the United States really begins. I commend this to your favorable consideration. It is an event of prime historic significance in which all the people of the United States should feel, and should show, great and general interest.

POSTAL SERVICE.

In the Postoffice Department the service has increased in efficiency, and conditions as to revenue and expenditure continue satisfactory. The increase of revenue during the year was $9,258,181.10, or 6.9 per cent, the total receipts amounting to $143,382,624.34. The expenditures were $152,362,116.70, an increase of about 9 per cent over the previous year, being thus $8,979,492.36 in excess of the current revenue. Included in these expenditures was a total appropriation of $12,956,637.35 for the continuation and extension of the rural free-delivery service, which was an increase of $4,902,237.35 over the amount expended for this purpose in the preceding fiscal year. Large as this expenditure has been the beneficent results attained in extending the free distribution of mails to the residents of rural districts have justified the wisdom of the outlay. Statistics brought down to the 1st of October, 1904, show that on that date there were 27,138 rural routes established, serving approximately 12,000,000 of people in rural districts remote from postoffices, and that there were pending at that time 3,859 petitions for the establishment of new rural routes. Unquestionably some part of the general increase in receipts is due to the increased postal facilities which the rural service has afforded. The revenues have also been aided greatly by amendments in the classification of mail matter, and the curtailment of abuses of the second-class mailing privilege. The average increase in the volume of mail matter for the period beginning with 1902 and ending June, 1905 (that portion for 1905 being estimated), is 40.47 per cent, as compared with 25.46 per cent for the period immediately preceding, and 15.92 for the four-year period immediately preceding that.

EXTRAVAGANCE IN PRINTING.

I call your attention to the great extravagance in printing and binding Government publications, and especially to the fact that altogether too many of these publications are printed. There is a constant tendency to increase their number and their volume. It is an understatement to say that no appreciable harm would be caused by, and substantial benefit would accure from, decreasing the amount of printing now done by at least one-half. Probably the great majority of the Government reports and the like now printed are never read at all, and furthermore the printing of much of the material contained in many of the remaining ones serves no useful purpose whatever.

CURRENCY.

The attention of Congress should be especially given to the currency question, and that the standing committees on the matter in the two Houses charged with the duty, take up the matter of our currency and see whether it is not possible to secure an agreement in the business world for bettering the system; the committees should consider the question of the retirement of the greenbacks and the problem of securing in our currency such elasticity as is consistent with safety. Every silver dollar should be made by law redeemable in gold at the option of the holder.

MERCHANT MARINE.

I especially commend to your attention the encouragement of our merchant marine by appropriate legislation.

ORIENTAL MARKETS.

The growing importance of the Orient as a field for American exports drew from my predecessor, President McKinley, an urgent request for its special consideration by the Congress. In his message of 1898 he stated:

"In this relation, as showing the peculiar volume and value of our trade with China and the peculiarly favorable conditions which exist for their expansion in the normal course of trade, I refe rto the communication addressed to the Speaker of the House of Representatives by rhe Secretary of the Treasury on the 14th of last June, with its accompanying letter of the Secretary of State, recommending an appropriation for a commission to study the industrial and commercial conditions in the Chinese Empire, and to report as to the opportunities for and the obstacles to the enlargement of markets in China for the raw products and manufactures of the United States. Action was not taken thereon during the last session. I cordially urge that the recommendation receive at your hands the consideration which its importance and timeliness merit."

PROTECTION OF ELECTIONS.

The power of the government to protect the integrity of the elections of its own officials is inherent and has been recognized and affirmed by repeated declarations of the Supreme Court. There is no enemy of free government more dangerous and none so insidious as the corruption of the electorate. No one defends or excuses corruption, and it would seem to follow that none would oppose vigorous measures to eradicate it. I recommend the enactment of a law directed against bribery and corruption in Federal elections. The details of such a law may be safely left to the wise discretion of the Congress, but it should go as far as under the Constitution it is possible to go, and should include severe penalties against him who gives or receives a bribe intended to influence his act or opinion as an elector; and provisions for the publication not only of the expenditures for nominations and elections of all candidates, but also of all contributions received and expenditures made by political committees.

ALASKA.

The message makes a number of suggestions on Alaska, the treatment of the natives and other matters affecting the welfare of the territory. It is also recommended that Alaska be given a delegate in Congress.

THE INDIANS.

It is recommended that better treatment be accorded these wards of the nation, and that every encouragement possible be extended them to become more industrious and self-supporting.

CONSULAR SERVICE.

It is recommended that the consular service be raised to the highest degree of efficiency by selecting men who are familiar with trade conditions and who know something of the language of the country to which they are accredited.

CITY OF WASHINGTON.

The President recommends that the city be thoroughly cleaned up, so that it be made in fact a perfect American city, free from contagious and evil influences.

THE ARMY.

Within the last three years the United States has set an example in disarmament where disarmament was proper. By law our Army is fixed at a maximum of one hundred thousand and a minimum of sixty thousand men. When there was insurrection in the Philippines we kept the army at the maximum. Peace came in the Philippines, and now our Army has been reduced to the minimum at which it is possible to keep it with due regard to its efficiency. The guns now mounted require twenty-eight thousand men, if the coast fortifications are to be adequately manned. Relatively to the Nation, it is not now so large as the police force of New York or Chicago relatively to the population of either ciey. We need more officers; there are not enough to perform the regular army work. It is very important that the officers of the Army should be accustomed to handle their men in masses, as it is also important that the National Guard of the several States should be accustomed to actual field maneuvering, especially in connection with the regulars. For this reason we are to be congratulated upon the success of the field maneuvers at Manassas last fall, maneuvers in which a larger number of Regulars and National Guard took part than was ever before assembled together in time of peace. No other civihzed nation has, relatively to its population, such a diminutive Army as ours; and while the army is so small we are not to be excused if we fail to keep it at a very high grade of proficiency. It must be incessantly practiced; the standard for the enlisted men should be kept very high, while at the same time the service should be made as atiractive as possible; and the standard for the officers should be kept even higher—which, as regards the upper ranks, can best be done by introducing some system of selection and rejection into the promotions. We shall be able, in the event of some sudden emergency, to put into the field one first-class army corps, which should be, as a whole, at least the equal of any body of troops of like number belonging to any other nation.

Great progress has been made in protecting our coasts by adequate fortifications with sufficient guns. We should, however, pay much more heed than at present to the development of an extensive system of floating mines for use in all our more important harbors. These mines have been proved to be a most formidable safeguard against hostile fleets.

THE NAVY.

The strong arm of the Government is enforcing respect for its just rights in international matters is the Navy of the United States. I most earnestly recommend that there be no halt in the work of upbuilding the American Navy. There is no more patriotic duty before us as a people than to keep the Navy adequate to the needs of this country's position. We have undertaken to build the Isthmian Canal. We have undertaken to secure for ourselves our just share in the trade of the Orient. We have undertaken to protect our citizens from improper treatment in foreign lands. We continue steadily to insist on the application of the Monroe Doctrine to the Western Hemisphere. Unless our attitude in these and all similar matters is to be a mere boastful sham we can not afford to abandon our naval programme. Our voice is now potent for peace, and it is so potent because we are not afraid of war. But our protestations upon behalf of peace would neither receive nor deserve the slightest attention if we were impotent to make them good.

HOWAII AND PORTO RICO.

The Alaskan natives should be given the right to acquire, hold, and dispose of property upon the same conditions as given other inhabitants; and the privilege of citizenship should be given to such as may be able to meet certain definite requirements. In Hawaii Congress should give the governor power to remove all the officials appointed under him. The harbor of Honolulu should be dredged. The Marine Hospital Service should be empowered to study leprosy in the islands. I ask special consideration for the report and recommendations of the governor of Porto Rico.

THE PHILIPPINES.

In the Philippine Islands there has been during the past year a continuation of the steady progress which has obtained ever since our troope definitely got the upper hand of the insurgents. The Philippine people, or, to speak more accurately, the many tribes, and even races, sundered from one another more or less sharply, who go to make up people of the Philippine Islands, contain many elements of good, and some elements which we have a right to hope stand for progress. At present they are utterly incapable of existing in independence at all or of building up a civilization of their own. I firmly believe that we can help them to rise higher and higher in the scale of civilization and of capacity for self-government, and I most earnestly hope that in the end they will be able to stand, if not entirely alone, yet in some such relation to the United States as Cuba now stands. This end is not yet in sight, and it may be indefinitely postponed if our people are foolish enough to turn the attention of the Filipinos away from the problem of achieving moral and material prosperity, or working for a stable, orderly, and just government, and toward foolish and dangerous intrigues for a complete independence for which they are as yet

Every measure taken concerning the islands should be taken primarily with a view to their advantage. We should cretainly give them lower tariff rates on their exports to the United States; if this is not done it will be a wrong to extend our shipping laws to them. I earnestly hope for the immediate enactment into law of the legislation now pending to encourage American capital to seek investment in the islands in railroads, in factories, in plantations, and in lumbering and mining.

THEODORE ROOSEVELT.

The White House, Dec. 5, 1904.

CONGRESS CONVENES

But Little Was Done On the Opening Day Except to Meet and [illegible]

USUAL FORMALITIES OBSERVED

The Senate in Session Only 13 Minutes and the House 53 Minutes—Greetings Between Members, the Great Floral Display and Numbers of Beautifully Gowned Women Among the Visitors Made a Familiar but Always Interesting Scene—Resolutions of Respect For Deceased Senators.

Washington, Special.—With the Senate in session 12 minutes and the House 53 Minutes, the last session of the 58th Congress was assembled today. The time of both bodies was devoted entirely to the usual formalities attended by scenes, familiar, but always interesting. There were the greetings between members, the great floral display and the hundreds of visitors, with beautifully gowned women predominating. Corridors, committee rooms and cloak rooms were thronged. The bustle extended even to the floors of the chambers, although no weighty legislative problems awaited solution.

The gavels of Senator Frye, President Pro Tem of the Senate and Speaker Cannon of the House, fell exactly at 12 o'clock. The opening prayers were made by the chaplains, Rev. Edward Everett Hale, D. D., in the Senate, and Rev. H. N. Counden, in the House.

In both the Senate and House the committees were appointed to wait on the President and inform him that Congress was ready to receive any communication he had to send. Resolutions of respect to the memory of the late Senators Hoar, of Massachusetts, and Quay, of Pennsylvania, were adopted by both houses, and the adjournments were further tributes to their memory. The only business outside of the usual first-day routine was the adoption of a resolution in the House extending until January 5, 1905, the time in which the merchant marine commission may make its report.

Washington, Special—The Senate convened promptly at noon Monday. The first Senator in his seat was Platt, of New York. Long before 12 o'clock the galleries were filled, but the buzz of conversation ceased abruptly when President Pro Tem Frye's gavel fell. Rev. Edward Everett Hale, D. D., chaplain of the Senate, offered prayer, which was listened to by nearly every Senator. Two seats had been vacated by death, those of Senators Hoar, of Massachusetts, and Quay, of Pennsylvania. Their successors, Senators-elect Crane, of Massachusetts, and Knox, of Pennsylvania, attended the session.

The floral decorations were equal to those of any session in the history of the Senate. Many desks were overflowing with the offerings, and the Senate force was occupied from 11 until 12 o'clock in arranging them so Senators could take their seats. The largest single tribute was placed on the desk of Senator Tillman, of South Carolina. It was a huge basket of American Beauty roses and chrysanthemums. The largest collection of flowers was that sent to Senator Dryden, of New Jersey.

When Senator Fairbanks, the Vice President-elect, entered the chamber he was greeted warmly by many of his colleagues. The visitors applauded his entrance with cheers and handclapping.

Senator Allison made the usual formal motion that a committee be named to inform the President that the Senate was ready to receive any message he had to communicate. President Pro Tem Frye appointed Messrs. Allison and Cockrell for this duty.

The death of the late Senator Quay was announced by Mr. Penrose, and Mr. Lodge, of Massachusetts, announced the death of his late colleague, Mr. Hoar. The Senate then adjourned.

Schooner and Crew Lost.

New York, Special.—A report from Rockland, Maine, that the four-masted schooner Quinebaugh, from Savannah for New York, has probably been lost at sea with all on board is confirmed. The Quinebaugh left Savannah early in November with a cargo of tiling, and nothing has been heard of her since.

Delay of Bond Sale Asked.

Washington, Special.—Attorney General Gilmer, of North Carolina, filed a motion in the Supreme Court of the United States in the case of South Dakota vs. the State of North Carolina involving bonds of the North Carolina Railroad Company held by the former State and for the payment of which the latter State was held to be responsible, providing for a postposnement of the sale of the bonds in question from January 1 to April 1. Mr. Gilmer stated the object of his motion to be to afford opportunity to the North Carolina Legislature to take action for the payment of the claim if so disposed. The court took the motion under advisement.

Letters Recovered.

Washington, Special.—The Boone letters, which were introduced by the prosecution against Judge Charles Swayne and mysteriously disappeared, have been recovered by the House judiciary committee, through the mail. It was stated by a member of the committee that the letters had been inadvertently mixed with some other papers, and when discovered were returned.

12,162,000 BALE CROP

Government Estimate Shows Enormous Yield of Cotton

A SENSATIONAL DROP IN PRICES

Greatest Surprise of Any Government Estimate of Late Years, Few Bears Having Even Talked as Much as 12,000,000 Bales.

Washington, Special.—Preliminary returns to the chief of the Bureau of Statictics, Department of Agriculture, show a total production of cotton in the United States in the year 1904-1905, of 12,162,000 bales. Round bales have been included in this estimate, and reduced to their equivalent in square bales. The estimate does not include linters. The estimated production by States will be made public Dec. 5 at 11 a. m.

In the preparation and issuance of the cotton report, Secretary Wilson gave a demonstration of the precautions taken to avoid advance information leaking out. Representatives Burgess, of Texas, and Ransdell, of Louisiana were invited by the Secretary to witness the preparation of the estimate. The party was locked in the private office of the statistican, and the reports from all the cotton districts were taken into the room. The doors were locked from the outside, and the Secretary then gave orders for the opening of the report. The estimate of the crop for the year 1904-1905 was then prepared and sent out, before any person in the room was premitted to leave or communicate with any person from the outside. "In this manner the cotton estimates are invariably made," said Secretary Wilson, "and all human injenuity is used to prevent leakage of information."

New York, Special.—The government estimate of the cotton crop, placing the yield at 12,162,000 bales, issued Saturday, was a surprise to more people, perhaps, than any government report of recent years. While a few of the more extreme bears had been talking 12,000,000 bales or over, the average opinion even in bearish circles locally, was that the government estimate would be under that figure.

The announcement was followed by another sensational break in prices. The decline that has been in progress now for over a month and carried the market down from 11 cents to 8½ cents, proved insufficient in the estimation of the trade to fully reflect the new condition of affairs, and a crop of the size reported. There was undoubtedly a big short interest in the market, but in spite of covering, prices declined nearly half a cent in less than an hour of trading. January, which was sold around 8.56 during the forenoon, was depressed to about 8.10 and other months suffered in like measure. The market was very excited, with trading exceedingly active.

The official close was barely steady at a net decline of 52 to 57 points, with January, which had closed on yesterday at 8.56, quoted at 8 cents, and March at 8.29. The business was enormous, and, in spite of additional wires secured for the day by some of the houses, there were many orders remaining unexecuted after the close of the market, when sales put it up about 600,000 bales. This, it was said, led to a considerable volume of trading in an unofficial way after the noon hour. Quotations on these transactions, so far as could be learend, ranged within about 3 points of the closing figures. March, it was reported, sold around 8.17.

Fatal Gasoline Explosion.

Pittsburg, Special.—In a fire which was remarkable for its rapidity and awful havoc, Mrs. Rock Berry and two of her children were burned to death Sunday evening. Rock Berry, the husband, and his son, Henry, and daughter, Annie Perry, were forced to stand in the street and witness the tragedy. The forceful though kindly efforts of the police kept them from rushing into the flames for their loved ones.

The fire is thought to have been caused by a spark from a coal stove setting fire to the carpet, which Mrs. Perry was cleaning with gasoline. The house was destroyed inside of ten minutes after the explosion.

Killed By Neighbor.

Memphis, Tenn., Special.—A dispatch from Sumner, Miss., says that Smith Murphy, one of the richest planters in the Mississippi delta, was killed there by Jerry Robinson, also a wealthy planter. The killing, it is said, is the result of an old feud, originating several years ago in the shooting of a negro whose services were claimed by both men. Robinson surrendered immediately to the sheriff. He is 21 years old; his victim was 35.

$100,000 Cotton Seed Fire.

Selma, Ala., Special.—The International Cotton Seed Oil Company's plant was partially destroyed by fire Sunday afternoon, and the seed, hull and meal warehouse are a total loss. Between three and four thousand tons of seed were lost. The total is estimated at $100,000, practically covered by insurance. Spontaneous combustion in the warehouse is the supposed origin of the fire.

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Three Months,	35

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"LAWLESSNESS WALKED THE STATE LIKE A PESTILENCE."

GOVERNOR AYCOCK STATED IN HIS INAUGURAL ADDRESS THAT UNDER, AND THEREFORE BY IMPLICATION IN CONSEQUENCE OF, FUSION RULE "LAWLESSNESS WALKED THE STATE LIKE A PESTILENCE, CRIME STALKED ABROAD AT NOONDAY, SLEEP LAY DOWN WITH ALARM AND THE SOUND OF THE PISTOL WAS MORE FREQUENT THAN THE SONG OF THE MOCKING BIRD." HOW STANDS THE CASE TO-DAY GOVERNOR? HAVEN'T THE ACTS OF THREE RED SHIRT LEGISLATURES AND MORE THAN TWO YEARS OF YOUR OWN BENEFICENT RULE PASSED INTO HISTORY SINCE YOU PROCLAIMED THE FOREGOING WHEN YOU ARE CAVORTING OVER THE STATE WHOOPING FOR EDUCATION AND ROADS DON'T YOU HEAR OF MORE CRIMES BEING COMMITED IN NORTH CAROLINA THAN EVER BEFORE AND DO YOU CONTINUE TO ATTRIBUTE THESE TO FUSION RULE?

THE SOUTH, THE VICTIM OF STUPID OR CORRUPT DEMOCRATIC POLITICIANS.

In another column we publish a report of a speech delivered by Hon. Thos. E. Watson a few days ago in Georgia.

It bristles with many great truths. He says:

1st. Why the South has been kept solid.

2nd. How the South is made the victim of stupid or corrupt Democratic politicians.

8d. Why their treacherous leaders fight a sham battle and try to deceive their followers with the senseless cry of "nigger domination."

4th. How the Southern (so-called) Democratic leaders, who are the servants of Northern monopolies in their States, and who are ready at any time to sell the party, nationally, to Wall Street for campaign funds and for offices and to perpetuate their local monopoly, try to keep the South solid by crying "nigger" so as to keep it a political slave to a handful of Eastern capitalists.

Read this speech of Watson's and hand it to your neighbor.

The South must be made national and not sectional. The South's industrial usefulness demands it. The people must down these false leaders who are a curse to the future development and progress of the great South with its immense resources.

THE PRESIDENT'S MESSAGE.

President Roosevelt's message was read in both houses of Congress Tuesday. We are sorry that we haven't room to print his message in our paper this week, but it would occupy about twenty columns, and we haven't that much room in this issue. The message is written in the President's usual strong and convincing style. He speaks on vital questions in no uncertain sound. It begins as follows:

"The nation continues to enjoy noteworthy prosperity. Such prosperity is of course primarity due to the high individual average of our citizenship, taken together with our great national resources; but an important factor therein is the working of our long-continued governmental policies. The people have emphatically expressed their approval of the principles underlying these policies, and their desire that these principles be kept substantially unchanged, although of course applied in a progressive spirit to meet changing conditions.

Further on, in his message the President recommends to Congress the enactment of a law against bribery and corruption in federal elections. On this subject he says:

"The power of the government to protect the integrity of the election of its own officials is inherent and has been recognized and affirmed by repeatd declarations of the supreme court. There is no enemy of free government more dangerous and none so insidious as the corruption of the electorate. No one defends or excuses corruption, and it would seem to follow that none would oppose vigorous measures to eradicate it. I recommend the eneactment of a law directed against bribery and corruption in federal elections. The details of such a law may be safely left to the discretion of the congress, but it should go as far as under the constitution it is possible to go, and should include severe penalties against him who gives or receives a bribe intended to influence his act or opinion as an elector; and provisions for the publication not only of the expenditures for nominations and elections of all candidates but also of all contributions received and enpenditures made by political committees."

PRICE OF COTTON.

Last year when cotton was high the Democratic papers said the mill men could not afford to pay the price and many of the mills would have to close down. And in their mind this was a terrible condition of affairs. They didn't seem to realize that the farmers who had cotton to sell were reaping a rich harvest. In the last few days the price of cotton has dropped and these same Democratic papers now see starvation staring the farmers in the face. There are two reasons why the price of cotton has been on the decline for the past few days. Over one million more bales have been sold this year than had been sold at the same date last year. This rush of cotton on the market has naturally caused the price of cotton to decline and a few days ago the government report was issued showing an increase in production of over one million bales. Notwithstanding this fact we see no reason why cotton should not bring a better price than at present. In our opinion the surplus cotton has been sold. The mill men have bought very little cotton, waiting for the price to drop. If the farmers rush their cotton on the market now, they of course will not get a good price, but in our opinion if they hold it until spring it will bring a much better price than at present and we would be surprised if they did not receive ten cents for it by March.

This article is not intended to advise farmers to hold their cotton unless they take the same view of the situation as we do, we have simply given our opinion.

A correspondent of the Raleigh Post says:

"We don't believe there is a single Democrat in the South, we know there is not one in North Carolina, who would hold a federal office under a Republican President."

Where have you been? There are Democrats in the city of Raleigh holding Federal jobs, and there are others in the State. Under McKinley Democrats held some of the most lucrative positions in several of the Southern States. The only way to keep the average Democratic politican from holding office is not to give him one.

The State Board of Elections Monday completed their work of counting the votes and issuing certificates to the successful candidates. The Democratic majority for Gover. nor was only 49,256. A loss of about 17,000 votes of four years ago, while Parker received only 42,086 with Cherokee county to hear from, which will probably decrease his vote to less than 41,000. Mr. Roosevelt received about 3,000 more votes than Harris, the Republican candidate for governor. This shows that many Democrats voted for Roosevelt.

A few days ago we received a letter from one ofour subscribers, enclosing five dollars to pay his arrears on subscription and to renew to 1906, and he also paid us the following tribute: "I think the Caucasian is a good paper, and gets better. It turns on the light and exposes the rottenness of democracy, wherever found. May it live long and prosper." Now, let others follow suit with cash, and a word of praise would not be objectionable. It makes an editor feel that he has not labored in vain.

Some Democratic papers say that farm implements and mules have increased in price and they are trying to hold Mr. Roosevelt responsible for it. But in this they are mistaken, as usual. The increase in price has possibly been caused by the demand for them, by the Democratic pie hunters who expected to hold office under Parker, but since Nov 8th, have decided to return to the farm.

Governor-elect Glenn attended the foot-ball game at Richmond Thanksgiving Day and declared he intended going every year. But then he can afford to go, for he rides on a free pass, you know.

Since the Democratic party has been wrecked the remnant of that party will try to make a deal with the Socialists in the next campaign. They are already socialists in many of their ideas. After the Republicans win the battles then the Democrats want a division of the offices, and they "cuss" everything in sight if they don't get them—that socialistic.

Senator Bacon, of Georgia, has been heard from for the first time since the "land-slide." The first thing he said after regaining consciousness was "nigger." But he is said to have eaten at a negro restaurant in Hamlet a few months ago, so possibly this incident was uppermost in his mind at the awakening.

Many of the Democratic papers have been speaking very highly of President Roosevelt since the election, which moves the Chicago News to remark that "Truth is mighty and will prevail—after a political campaign."

The editor of the Hendersonville Hustler has been given a place at the Democratic pie-trough at Raleigh. Wonder if he will now give ex-Judge Parker $5,000 a year to edit the Hendersonville Hustler?

Wonder if Mr. Parker still thinks Chairman Cortelyou is "without experience in national politics".

Is a Democratic Negro Better Than a White Republican?

"The boasted, fancied and only issue the Democrats had in the last campaign, notably, "Booker T. Washington," was happily removed from Stanley county politics on the day after the election, when several (not all) of the Democrats in our little town of Albemarle quit our white barbers just because of their politics and went to a negro barber just because he voted the Democratic ticket. If anyone doubts this statement just write to J. H. Fryar, Salisbury, N. C. Albemarle had until this two white barbers in the same shop, of whom large towns would be proud. The color of your skin makes littte or no difference, provied you are a Democrat.

We Republicans all know what it is to be guyed and tantalized about the negro, but we fail to understand why a Democrat negro is better than a write Republican."—Albemarle Gazette.

Bombardment of Fleet in Progress at Port Arthur.

Tokio, Dec. 6, 10 a. m.—It is reported that the Japanese bombardment against the fleet at Port Arthur is proceeding to the satisfaction of the attacking forces. On the evening of the fourth instant (Sunday) two or three Russian ships were fired and burned in a half hour. Their names and the extent of the damage done are not known. It is generally believed that the Russian fleet must either make an early sortie or suffer imparable damage.

James Tyner Dead.

Washington, D. C., Dec. 5.—General Jas. Tyner, former Assistant Attorney-General of the Post Office Department, and who was recently dismissed by order of the President, died this morning at his home here.

His dismissal grew out of his connection with the issuance of fraud orders in the Post Office Department. He had been in poor health for more than a year.

WOMAN DIED IN GREAT AGONY.

Claimed Her Husband Wrapped Her in Blanket, Saturated With Oil, and Then Set Her on Fire.

New Bern, N. C., Dec. 5.—At 2:30 o'clock Sunday morning a night watchman at the Elm City Lumber Co. heard cries of "Murder" and "Fire" across the street from the mill and at the same time several neighbors saw a woman run out of the house entirely enveloped in flames and two men flee in different directions. The woman was Kate Peterson, the wife of John Peterson.

In a dying declaration at noon today, she asserted that John Peterson, her husband came into the house, wrapped her up in a blanket, saturated her with gasoline, lit a match, set her on fire and left her to die. Every means of physicians and friends were exhausted, but death came to her agony this afternoon.

John Peterson, her husband and Alex Adams were arrested. The latter, after the coroner's inquest, was released.

Woman Brutally Beaten and Cut by Two Men.

Goldsboro, N. C., Dec. 6.—Mrs. J. H. Barefoot, who lives in the northern part of this city, was last night badly beaten up.

Mrs. Barefoot went ont in the front yard of her home and was about to return to the house when she received a heavy blow upon the head, knocking her down.

She does not know positively who her assailiants are, but says they were both white men.

WATSON EXPOSES SOUTHERN DEMOCRATIC LEADERS.

The South the Victim of Stupid or Corrupt Democratic Politicians.

THE SHAM BATTLE THEY FIGHT.

Secret Purpose of Leaders to Use the Party in Support of Class Legislation—Predicts Bryan in 1908—Calls the South a Quadrennial Sacrifice Delivered to Wall Street.

Crawfordsville, Ga., Nov. 30.—Thos. E. Watson, recently the candidate of the Peoples party for President, today addressed a large crowd at this place, the former home of Alexander Stephens. His address was received with close attention, but with no marked enthusiasm. He spoke in part as follows:

"In national politics the Democratic party stands without a policy, a declaration of principles or an accepted leader. It is utterly bankrupt in reputation. It has no unity of conviction, sentiment or purpose.

"Its secret purpose is so foreign to what the Democratic masses approve that the eternal struggle of the national leaders is to prevent the Democratic masses from penetrating that secret purpose. What is the secret purpose? To use the Democratic party in support of the same system of class legislation which the Republican party stands for.

"The watchword is 'Keep up the attack upon Republican individuals, but do not attack the system of special privileges which is responsible for present conditions,' in other words, the secret mission of the Democratic party is to keep up a sham battle.

"By keeping the party divided and deluded, they hinder the organization of a real opposition to privileged class legislation and corporal greed. Thus the Democratic national party is the best friend of which the plutocratic Republican party can boast, for the Belmonts, who call themselves Democrats, are just as much in favor of special privileges as the Carnegies and Morgans, who call themselves Republicans.

"I make this prediction: 'Bryan will be the candidate of the Democratic party in 1908.'

"And I make this second prediction: 'When Mr. Bryan runs for President in 1908 as the sandidate of the Parker-Belmont-Cleveland-Gorman combine, he will be a worse beaten man than Parker ever was.'

Does Mr. Bryan sincerely believe that he can commit the Democratic National Convention to his recently repaired and replenished Populist platform? If so, he must see that the country would then have two Populist parties. Such a contingency would be laughable were not the crisis so grave. Mr. Bryan must know his program promises nothing better than a spectacular combat at another St. Louis convention with another 'dog fall' as the result, another surrender on the part of Mr. Bryan, another sham battle before the people and another Waterloo in which all will be lost, including honor.

The Democratic party can no longer claim to be national. It is sectional. The South is still its victim. The South is still the quadrenniel sacrifice which corrupt or stupid Southern politicians deliver to Wall Street. But for the solid South the Eastern Democracy would have to shut up shop, join the Republicans and face a genuine party of opposition.

"What keeps the South solid? Nothing in the world except an out-of-date sectional animosity and the shamelessly hypocritical cry of negro domination.

"In each Southern State there is a monopoly of privileges and power which is fighting its life. As a rule, the monopoly is based upon the support of Northern railroads, Northern banks, Northern manufacturers, the school book trust and the cotton seed oil trust. Fed bountifully from these rich sources, the Democratic machine in the Southern States is very haughty; indeed it wants no change. Southern politicians will sacrifice the national ticket any time to maintain the local monopoly.

"And the 'negro question' is the joy of their lives. They exist upon it. They fatten on it. With one shout of 'nigger' they can run native Democrats to their home at any hour of the day. Men who appear to have some common sense in other directions lose all their mental bearings when the 'negro question' is sprung, and they immediate begin to hop around in a dervish dance of political hysteria.

"The south cannot afford to be sectional. In self-defense she must be national. If we allow our southern leaders to put us in a degrading position nationally, ours is the fault. As long as we allow the solid south to be a political slave to a handful of eastern capitalists, we may expect to feel the lash of the slave-driver and to feel the weight of the chain.

"Let us put a finish to this degraduation of the south. Let us assert our manhood against the tyranny of political bosses. Let us break the shell of this boubonish, which neither learns nor forgets."

My Breath.

Shortness of Breath Is One of the Commonest Signs of Heart Disease.

Notwithstanding what many physicians say, heart disease can be cured.

Dr. Miles' New Heart Cure has permanently restored to health many thousands who had found no relief in the medicines (allopathic or homoeopathic) of regular practicing physicians.

It has proved itself unique in the history of medicine, by being so uniformly successful in curing those diseases.

Nearly always, one of the first signs of trouble is shortness of breath. Whether it comes as a result of walking or running up stairs, or of other exercises, if the heart is unable to meet this extra demand upon its pumping powers—there is something wrong with it.

The very best thing you can do, is to take Dr. Miles' New Heart Cure. It will go to the foundation of the trouble, and make a permanent cure by strengthening and renewing the nerves.

"I know that Dr. Miles' New Heart Cure is a great remedy. For a number of years I suffered from shortness of breath, smothering spells, and pains in my left side. For months at a time I would be unable to lie on my left side, and if I lay flat on my back would nearly smother. A friend advised using Dr. Miles' New Heart Cure, which I did with good results. I began to improve at once, and after taking several bottles of the Heart Cure the pains in my side and other symptoms vanished. I am now entirely well. All those dreadful smothering spells are a thing of the past."—F. P. DRAKE, Middletown, O.

If the first bottle does not help you, the druggist will refund your money.

FREE Write to us for Free Trial Package of Dr. Miles' Anti-Pain Pills, the New Scientific Remedy for Pain. Also Symptom Blank. Our Specialist will diagnose your case, tell you what is wrong, and how to right it. Free. DR. MILES MEDICAL CO., LABORATORIES, ELKHART, IND.

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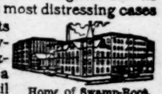
Pains, aches and rheumatism come from excess of uric acid in the blood, due to neglected kidney trouble.

Kidney trouble causes quick or unsteady heart beats, and makes one feel as though they had heart trouble, because the heart is over-working in pumping thick, kidney-poisoned blood through veins and arteries.

It used to be considered that only urinary troubles were to be traced to the kidneys, but now modern science proves that nearly all constitutional diseases have their beginning in kidney trouble.

If you are sick you can make no mistake by first doctoring your kidneys. The mild and the extraordinary effect of Dr. Kilmer's **Swamp-Root**, the great kidney remedy is soon realized. It stands the highest for its wonderful cures of the most distressing cases and is sold on its merits by all druggists in fifty-cent and one-dollar sizes. You may have a sample bottle by mail free, also pamphlet telling you how to find out if you have kidney or bladder trouble. Mention this paper when writing **Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y.**



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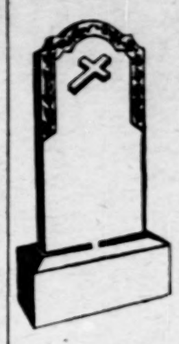

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RALEIGH, N. C. DEC. 8th. 1904.

Entered at the Post Office in Raleigh N. C., as second-class mail matter.

FROM OUR EXCHANGES.

Some Squibs of Interest We Have Gathered With Our Paste-Pot and Shears.

Spain has accepted the President's invitation to the peace conference, and probably regrets that it was not called prior to 1898.—Washington Post.

The Atlanta Constitution says that it looks as if a whole lot of dead men voted. You are about right, Mr. Constitution. It appears that 12 whole States went for Parker.—Yellow Jacket.

An astrologer says he has learned by his study of the stars that the Roosevelt victory of 1904 meant the entire extermination of the Democratic party.—Western Carolina News.

Humpty Dumpty had a fall; couldn't keep his legs at all; Tommy Taggart and his band couldn't make Humpty Dumpty stand.—Graham Tribune.

The South has for the past decade paraded before the people the unreasonable hatred she has for the North, nevertheless she allows the Northern faction of the Democratic party to lead her anywhere and into anything.—Western Carolina News.

We confess that we see no hope for either Mr. Bryan or Mr. Bryan or Mr. Watson. If the country will not stand for democracy it certainly will not stand for populism.—Durham Herald.

If there was any democracy offered in the last campaign for the people to stand for we failed to even get a glimpse of it except what Tom Watson and his followers offered. If Parker, Davis & Co., and their platform was democracy old Tom Jeffersou was a liar and a bigger fool than Smith's colt.—People's Paper.

Henderson Druggist a Suicide.

Henderson, N. C., Dec. 5.—Mr. Bisco Bass, manager of the Eagle pharmacy, committed suicide at the store this morning at 11:30.

Robert Love, a Confederate veteran of Guilford county, died suddenly Tuesday night at the Soldiers' Home in Raleigh. He was 84 years old, and was a member of Company K, 13th Regiment.

Powers Will Have a New Trial.

The Court of Appeals in Kentucky, Tuesday, granted Caleb Powers a new trial. He was for awhile Secretary of the State of Kentucky and is now under death sentence for complicity in the Goebel murder. Many do not think Powers guilty.

Thief Got $428.

Biscoe, N. C., Dec. 5.—The residence of Mr. D. M. Hunsucker, was entered last night by some unknown person and robbed of $410 currency, and $18 check from a trunk within a few feet of the bed on which Mr. Hunsucker was sleeping.

Suicide of J. W. Mitchell.

Washington, N. C., Dec. 5.—J. W. Mitchell, formerly a saloon keeper here but recently resident on one of Mr. W. P. Baugham's farms, shot and killed himself sometime during the night Sunday or early Monday morning. The deceased leaves a wife and several small children, none of whom are large enough to work.

The January Designer.

The pretty girl on the cover of the Designer for January will undoubtedly tempt more than one man to investigate the pages to which she acts as gate-keeper. The articles in this number have a decidedly Western flavor: "A Chinese New Year in California," by Jessie Juliet Knox, and "The Stanford University and Its Girls," by Sarah Comstock, Stanford, '96. "Our Winter Boarders—The Downy and Hairy Woodpeckers," by Craig S. Thomas, is a charming bit of nature study, and "A Dinner of Herbs," by Temple Bailey, is a capital of New Year Story, in which two widows, two bachelors and a bull-dog take prominent part. "Pleasant Sitting-Rooms," by Mary Kilsyth, shows how to combine comfort and attractiveness in the living room. In the fancy work line there are "Initialing Household Linen," "Filet or Gittertyl Embroidery," "Handmade Sweaters," and "Ribbon Decorators," and in addition to the captivating midwinter fashions there are three pages of "Character Costumes," suggestive of novel garb for fancy-dress occasions.

DRIVEN TO DESPERATION.

Living at an out of the way place, remote from civilization, a family is often driven to desperation in case of accident, resulting in Burns. Cuts, Wounds, Ulcers etc Lay in a supply of Bucklen's Arnica Salve. It's the best on earth. 25c, at any Drug Store.

When the Land-Slide Slid.

Many wild prognostications
Were indulged in pro and con,
As to what would be the outcome
Of the battle that was on.
Some by prejudices were blinded,
And from them truth was hid;
But their eyes were rudely opened
When the

Land-
Slid
Slid.

Leading men in all the parties
Had a notion that
There was going to be a land-slide
Which would mash somebody flat.
And it came with force redoubled,
And it mashed them, yes it did;
When the

Land-
Slide
Slid.

Yes, the Dems. were proudly boasting
That the land-slide had to come,
And they swore that Teddy Roosevelt
Would be stricken blind and dumb,
They appeared extremely hopeful
As their music they proudly rid;
But the donkey bucked and threw 'em
When the

Land-
Slide
Slid.

From the wreckage of a party
That has given up the ghost,
Leaders Bryan, Hearst and Watson
Will exhume their buried host.
Parker and the old man Davis
In that rubbish pile are hid.
For they chanced to be beneath it
When the

Land-
Slide
Slid.

—J. J.

A Queer Fox.

Our very popular County Commissioner, Mr. John M. Owen, who was in town Saturday, tells of the queer action of a fax. He says that several days ago his wife saw a large grey fox in the yard and she set the dog on him, but he paid no attention to the dog, and went under a wagon and lay down. The fox remained there, keeping an eye on the dog until a neighbor came along with a gun and shot him. We do not recall having heard of a similar case to this.—Fayetteville Observer.

"France is well into a revolution so drastic, so subversive, that, although it is only in its initial stages, one must go as far back as the great Revolution for a parallel," writes David Graham Phillips in the December "Cosmopolitan." And he continues: "If the revolution were merely a separation of church and state as the news despatches declare, we could afford to neglect it. But it is far, far deeper, far more significant. It is a surging up of forces which will presently be shaking the world." The awakening of the electorate in France to the true idea of a democratic republic, with the resulting activities, which constitutes the present French revolution, is very graphically set forth and explained by Mr. Phillips.

WORST OF ALL EXPERIENCES.

Can anything be worse than to feel that every minute will be your last? Such was the experience of Mrs. S. H. Newson, Decatur, Ala. "For three years" she writes, "I endured insufferable pain from indigestion, stomach and bowel trouble. Death seemed inevitable when doctors and all remedies failed. At length I was induced to try Electric Bitters and the result was miraculous. I improved at once and now I'm completely recovered. For Liver, Kidney, Stomach and Bowel troubles Electric Bitters is the only medicine. Only 50c. It's guaranteed by any druggist.

One striking feature of the table of contents of the December "Twentieth Century Home" is the number of people of high authority in various spheres of work who write on their special subjects for the magazine. This month we note Havelock Ellis, "Spanish Dancing"; Garret P. Serviss, "The Fairland of Science"; Harry Thurston Peck, "For the Woman Who Reads"; Dr. Watson L. Savage, "Home Exercise for Growing Children"; Dr. James H. Canfield, Librarian of Columbia University, "The World's Five Hundred Best books"; Mrs. N. M. Slateer, "Studies in Home Dressmaking"; Rafford Pyke, "Women as Economises."

THAT THROBBING HEADACHE

Would qyickly leave you, if you used Dr. King's New Life Pills. Thousands of sufferers have proved their matchless merit for sick and Nervous Headaches. They make pure blood and build up your health. Only 25 cents, money back if not cured. Sold by any Druggist.

Some of the citizens of Clinton were kept awake last Friday night by the striking of the town clock which had been put in operation the day before and can be heard three or four miles. It is stationed on the top of the new court house and adds to the beauty of the same. Our county commsssioners deserve the commendation of us all for their untiring efforts in trying to build up our county as they have. We have been watching the columns of our neighbor, the Sampson Democrat, to see if it would share in lauding those who are ever alert to the best interest of our county, but so far we have seen nothing from the pen of its editor along this line. —Clinton Caucasian.

The Effective Remedy

WASHINGTON, IOWA, April 4, 1903.

I was troubled for over a year with so scanty a flow that it was virtually suppression. A heavy cold superinduced this condition and nothing I could do seemed to help me. The only effective remedy I ever found was Wine of Cardui. Within two weeks I felt the good effects of the medicine and after I had used 13 bottles in all I was as healthy and regular as any woman could wish to be.

My sister used it while expecting to become a mother and found that it made childbirth comparatively easy and after the child was born she found that it helped her to regain her strength.

James Root

GRAND WORTHY ASSOCIATE, SONS OF TEMPERANCE.

WINE of CARDUI

Wine of Cardui cures nine out of every ten cases of the disorders of menstruation. These cures are permanent, whether the trouble is complicated or not.

Wine of Cardui cures the sickness of young girls, relieves the weakness of adults, banishes leucorrhœa, headaches, backaches and nervousness and eases the crisis attendant on the change of life.

Thousands of mothers besides Miss Root's sister have found grateful relief from the pains of childbirth and have had a quick and happy recovery from its use. You cannot afford to suffer when $1.00 bottles are sold by all druggists.

A strange chicken story was told us a few days ago by Mrs. W. W. Holland, of Taylors Bridge. She is a very successful raiser of chicks and don't do like preachers, go away from home to eat her chicken, but the other day she killed two fine fellows for dinner, and in the gizzard of one was a hat pin we suppose as long as five inches. The pointed end was next to its mouth and was fastened against the neck of the chicken and the head end was in the chicken's gizzard. A daughter of Mrs. Holland had lost a hat pin some days before and the head of it being white we suppose the chicken had swallowed it for corn or something to eat. The head was gone and the continual grinding that goes on in the gizzard of a chicken had work the pin till it was a size smaller than the other pin belonging to the young lady which was exhibited to us. The head of the pin had been worn off and swallowed for good, but the sticking part was too sticky and the way not long and straight enough. It would not go. Now if any one doubts this we have the word of Mr. and Mrs. Holland and they are truthful folks.—Clinton Caucasian.

If the Baby is Cutting Teeth

Be sure and use that old and well-tried remedy, MRS. WINSLOW SOOTHING SYRUP, for children teething. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain, cures wind colic, and is the best remedy for Diarrhœa. Twenty-five cents a bottle.

Clinton was again visited by a destructive fire last week. Several thousand dollars went up in flames in a short while. The Crate Factory of Mr. A. F Johnson, near the depot, and an immense number of crates stored away therein was burnt first, and from there the fire leaped to the Tobacco Prize House, and then to the large Sampson Tobacco Ware House and to the barn and stalls of Mr. D E. Clifton on Lee Street. The flames leaped so far till it looked at one time like the entire town was going to be destroyed. Several houses at a great distances from the fire caught. Soms as far as a half to a quarter of a mile. The woods were fired out on the Raleigh road. Mr. C. A. Oates and daughter, Miss Katie Jerrell came near falling from the roof of their house in that they both lost their ballance and came rolling down the roof and were caught at the edge by the very active Robt. M. Pugh, who is always in the right place. It was thought that the fire originated from the train, as it had just pulled into the depot. The Bucket Brigade and Muscle Brigade are entitled to the commendation of all for the gallant services rendered during the consternation.—Clinton Caucasian

STARTLING EVIDENCE.

Fesh testimony in great quantity is constantly coming in, declaring declaring Dr. King's New Discovery for consumption, Coughs and Colds to be unequaled. A recent expression from T. J. McFair and Bentorvilte, Va., serves as example. He writes: "I had Bronchitis for three years and doctored all the time without being benefited. Then I began taking Dr. King's New Discovery, and a few bottles wholly cured me. "Equally effective in curing all Lung and Throat troubles, Consumption, Penumonia and Grip. Guaranteed by all Druggists. Trial bottles free, regular sizes 50c, and $1.00.

50 YEARS' EXPERIENCE

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Mental

Strain Affected General Health.

Doctor's Doses Weakened Stomach.

Dr. Miles' Nervine Cured Me.

Dr. Miles' Restorative Nervine brings rest and sweet sleep to the tired brain worn out with the cares and anxieties of the sick room. Read the following:

"I have always been healthy with the exception of a touch of rheumatism since my age came on, up to the time of my husband's last illness some years ago. I assisted in nursing my husband for nearly three months when he departed this life and the mental strain I think caused my trouble. Aside from extreme nervousness my trouble commenced with sore throat and neuralgia. My physician gave me purgative doses which weakened me very much and my stomach for a time seemed inactive. Mental strain and the dormant condition of stomach soon told upon my general health. I had little appetite and was soon forced to stay in bed a greater part of the time. Within a week after the time I began taking Dr. Miles' Restorative Nervine and Tonic I was up about the house. I continued their use until completely cured. My faith in Dr. Miles' Remedies has been strengthened by experience of other people, our daughter having used Restorative Nervine with splendid results in a case of paralysis and a friend to whom I sent a box of the Anti-Pain Pills reports that she has been completely cured of neuralgia by their use. I know of a number of others whom your medicine has helped in a large degree. I wish you continued success." —MRS. FRANCES COFFMAN, Dayton, Va.

All druggists sell and guarantee first bottle Dr. Miles' Remedies. Send for free book on Nervous and Heart Diseases. Address Dr. Miles Medical Co., Elkhart, Ind.

CHRISTMAS HOLIDAY EXCURSION RATES

VIA

SOUTHERN RAILWAY.

1904-1905.

Account Christmas and New Year Holidays, Southern Railway will sell tickets at extremly low rates.

Dates of sale of tickets to the general public, December 23, 24, 25 and 31, 1904, and January 1, 1905, with final limit January 4, 1905.

Dates of sale of tickets to students and teachers, upon presentation of Certificate signed by the Superintendent, Principal or President of Schools and Colleges, December 17 to 24, inclusive, with final return limit January 8, 1905.

For information as to Rates, Schedules, Sleeping Car Accommodations, etc., ask Any Agent, or

R. L. VERNON, T. P. A., Charlotte, N. C.
J. H. WOOD, D. P. A., Asheville, N. C.
S. H. HARDWICK, Pass. Traffic Manager,
W. H. TAYLOE, Gen'l Pass. Agent.
WASHINGTON, D. C.

CHICHESTER'S ENGLISH

PENNYROYAL PILLS

Original and Only Genuine.

SAFE. Always reliable. Ladies, ask Druggist for CHICHESTER'S ENGLISH in RED and Gold metallic boxes, sealed with blue ribbon. Take no other. Refuse Dangerous Substitutions and Imitations. Buy of your Druggist, or send 4c. in stamps for Particulars, Testimonials and "Relief for Ladies," in letter, by return Mail. 10,000 Testimonials. Sold by all Druggists. Chichester Chemical Co. Mention this paper. Madison Square, PHILA., PA.

RALEIGH AND CAPE FEAR RAILWAY COMPANY.

SCHEDULE OF SUNDAY TRAINS.

NORTH-BOUND TRAINS.

Train No. 50. Leave. A. M.		Train No. 52 Leave. P. M.
8:00	Lillington Station	5:10
8:23	Chalybeate	5:33
8:40	Fuquay Springs	5:50
8:55	Willow Springs	6:05
9:10	McCullers	6:20
9:20	Barnes	6:30
9:35	Caraleigh Mills	6:45
2:10	Caraleigh Mills	7:40
2:22	Barnes	7:52
2:35	McCullers	8:05
2:50	Willow Springs	8:20
3:10	Fuquay Springs	8:40
3:27	Chalybeate	8:57

Round trip rate from Raleigh to Fuquay Springs is 50 cents and to Lillington 75 cents.

Arrive. A. M.		Arrive. P. M.
9:45	Raleigh	6:55
Train No. 51. Leave. P. M.		Train No. 53. Leave. P. M.

JOHN A. MILLS,
Pres. and Gen. Manager.

EXCURSION TO HAVANA, CUBA, JANUARY 4TH.

The Seaboard announces a very low rate of one fare, plus two dollars, for the round trip from all points in Virginia, North and South Carolina, including Washington, D. C., to Havana, Cuba, and return, rates including meals and stateroom on steamship between Port Tampa and Havana and return. Tickets will be sold January 4th from North Carolina points and are good returning on any steamer up to and including January 19th, with final limit of ticket January 22nd, 1905. Stopovers will be permitted at any points south of Jacksonville.

This party will be limited to 150 persons, and reservation should be made promptly in order to secure accommodations on the steamship "Olivette," one of the most handsome ships of the Peninsular and Occidental Steamship Company, which will convey the party to Havana. The party will be personally conducted by Mr. A. W. Fritot from Jacksonville, who will meet them in Jacksonville, and accompany them to Havana. Mr. Fritot speaks Spanish fluently, and will give special attention to the party.

The rates from Raleigh will be $45.40 for the round trip, including meals and stateroom berth.

For further information apply to
C. H. GATTIS,
Trav. Pass. Agent
Raleigh, N. C.
H. A. MORSON, C. P. & T. A.

SEABOARD AIR LINE RAILWAY.

Short Line to principal cities of the South and Southwest, Florida, Cuba, Texas, California and Mexico, also north and northwest, Washington, Baltimore, Philadelphia New York, Boston, Cincinnati, Chicago, Indianapolis, St. Louis, Memphis and Kansas City

Trains leaves Raleigh as follows:

No. 50. NORTHBOUND.

1:20 a. m. "SEABOARD EXPRESS," for ALL points Raleigh to Portsmouth, Richmond, Washington, Baltimore, Philadelphia, New York, Boston and all points North, Northeast and Northwest.

No. 38.

1:00 a. m. "SEABOARD LOCAL MAIL" for ALL LOCAL points Raleigh to Portsmouth, Norlina to Richmond; connects at Henderson for Oxford and Weldon with A. C. L., at Portsmouth-Norfolk with ALL STEAMERS for points North and Northeast

No. 66.

11:35 a. m. "SEABOARD MAIL" for Richmond, Washington, Baltimore, Philadelphia, New York and Boston. Connects at Richmond with C. & O. for Cincinatti, Chicago and St. Louis, at Washington with Penna, B. & O. for all points.

No. 57. SOUTHBOUND.

4:15 a. m. "SEABOARD EXPRESS" for Charlotte, Atlanta, Columbia, Savannah, Jacksonville, St. Augustine, Tampa and all points south and southwest.

No. 41.

4:00 p. m. SEABOARD LOCAL MAIL for Charlotte, Atlanta and all local points, Connects at Atlanta for all points south and southwest.

No. 27.

7:10 p. m. "SEABOARD MAIL" for Southern Pines, Pinehurst Atlanta, Columbia, Charleston, Savannah, Jacksonville, Tampa and all points south and southwest.

Tickets on sale to all points, Pullman berths reserved, tickets delivered at

UP-TOWN TICKET OFFICE,
Yarborough House Building,
C. H. GATTIS, C. T. & P. A.,
'Phones 117. Raleigh, N. C.
Z. P. SMITH, T. P. A.,
Raleigh, N. C.

THOUSANDS SAVED BY

DR. KING'S NEW DISCOVERY

This wonderful medicine positively cures Consumption, Coughs Colds, Bronchitis, Asthma, Pneumonia, Hay Fever, Pleurisy, La-Grippe, Hoarseness, Sore Throat, Croup and Whooping Cough. Every bottle guaranteed. No Cure. No Pay. Price 50c. & $1. Trial bottle free.

"DOMESTIC." Better than Ever!

"The Star that leads them all."

The sewing machine for the home to be used by mother, wife, daughter, seamstress. That's our specialty

Either Chain or Lock Stitch.

Write for circulars and prices.

DOMESTIC SEWING MACHINE CO.,
NEWARK, NJ.

Kindly mention this paper.

SPECIAL RATES TO PACIFIC COAST.

The Southern Railway announces the following low one way colonist fares September 14th to October 14th:

Raleigh to Prescott, Ariz., $48.25
Raleigh to San Francisco, Cal., 48.25
Raleigh to Spokane, Wash., 47.75

Through excursion sleepers from Washington to San Francisco three times a week, passing Greensboro Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays. T. E. GREEN, C. T. A., Raleigh, N. C.

Sent on Approval

TO RESPONSIBLE PEOPLE

Laughlin FOUNTAIN PEN

Guaranteed Finest Grade 14k.

SOLID GOLD PEN

To test the merits of this publication as an advertising medium we offer you choice of

These Two Popular Styles For Only $1.00

Postpaid to any address

(By registered mail 5c extra)

Holder is made of the finest quality hard rubber, in four simple parts, fitted with very highest grade, large size 14k. gold pen, any flexibility desired — ink feeding device perfect.

Either style—Richly Gold Mounted for presentation purposes $1.00 extra.

Grand Special Offer

You may try the pen a week. If you do not find it as represented, fully as fine a value as you can secure for three times the price in any other makes, if not entirely satisfactory in every respect, return it and we will send you $1.10 for it, the extra 10c. is for your trouble in writing us and to show our confidence in the Laughlin Pen—(Not one customer in 5000 has asked for their money back.)

Lay this Publication down and write NOW

Safety Pocket Pen Holder sent free of charge with each Pen.

ADDRESS

Laughlin Mfg. Co.
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WANTED, AT ONCE

1,000 Women, Boys and Girls

to string bags. You can do the work at your homes. Come to see us at once.

GOLDEN BELT MFG. CO.
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The Times-Mercury,

The only Independent Semi-Weekly in the State, Free and outspoken on all subjects—the Simmons Machine a specialty. Thinks what it says, and says what it thinks.

Only $1.00 a Year.

Try it 3, 6 or 12 months just for fun.

J. F. CLICK,
EDITOR,
HICKORY, N. C.

WANTED

SPECIAL REPRESENTATIVE in this county and adjoining territories to represent and advertise an old established business house of solid financial standing. Salary $21 weekly, with expenses, advanced each Monday by check direct from headquarters. Horse and buggy furnished when necessary; position permanent. Address, Blew Brothers & Co., Monon Bldg, Chicago, Ill.

NOTICE OF SEIZURE.

Notice is hereby given of seizure on the following property for violation of the internal revenue laws of the United States:

At Benson, N. C., August 24, 1904, 10 gallons of apple brandy of Pias Hudson.

At Keener, N. C., September 13, 1904, jugs, 10 gallons, apple brandy of A. P. Hornrine.

At Rosin Hill, N. C., September, 13, 1904, 4½ gallons apple brandy of Lovet Warren.

At Benson, N. C., September 20, 1904, one copper still cap and worm, 2 packages containing 20 gallons apple bandy of Pias Hudson.

At Franklinton, N. C., September 14, 1904, 14 gallons apple brandy of Thomas Howell.

At Squires, N. C., September 24, 1 package apple brandy, 30 gallons, 3 judgs corn whiskey of W. J. Tyson.

At Pocomoke, N. C., Sept. 24, 1904, 1 package corn whiskey, 23 gallons of Jerry Kittrel.

At Wilson, N. C., Oct. 15, 1904, 1 keg brandy, 25 gallons of S. J. Atkin.

At Greensville, N. C., Oct. 20, 1904, 1 package, 30 or 35 gallons corn whiskey of J, W. Carson.

At Durham, N. C. Oct. 21, 1904, 20 jugs of whiskey, 5 barrels of bottled spirits, 5 crates of bottled spirits, about 155 gallons of John Nichols.

Persons claiming the above property will file their claims with me in my office within 30 days as required by law, or the same will be forfeited to the use of the United States.

E. C. DUNCAN, Collector.
J. P. H. ADAMS, Dep. Collector.
Oct. 25th, 1904. Raleigh, N. C.

ECZEMA

PILES, PIMPLES, OLD SORES, ETC., CAN BE CURED AT SMALL COST.—READ THE FOLLOWING LETTER.

The Ec-zine Co., Chicago.

Gentlemen—Enclosed find one dollar to pay for another bottle of EC-ZINE and to remain for Ec-zine Soap. I have used nearly all the bottle you sent and it has done more for me than all other treatments combined that I have employed for four years. I have Eczema on both legs from ankle to knee and I have been so bad at times I had to go on crutches. Since I commenced the use of EC-ZINE the my trouble has nearly disappeared, in fact it looks like it was well, but there are a few rough spots yet I don't want to stop treatment with one bottle. Send me another bottle as soon as possible and a cake of soap, after I use it I expect to be perfectly cured and then I will tell you all about it. I have been under treatment for four years, and I can't begin to tell you what I have suffered and the great trouble and expense I have endured in that time, but I have great hopes that I will soon be cured. I certainly believe I have struck the right remedy at last. With best wishes I am,

Yours truly, D. L. ALEXANDER,
Mt. Pleasant, N. C.

$50. Reward will be paid for any skin disease, ECZEMA, PILES, BLOOD POISON, PIMPLES, RING WORM, etc., which the new Radium remedy—EC-ZINE, will not cure promptly. Send today for a FREE treatment, sufficient to cure any ordinary case.

THE EC-ZINE COMPANY
M. KUPERMEIER, Sales Agent
120 Dearborn Street, Chicago, Ill.

A. AND M. COLLEGE.

THE TWELFTH ANNUAL SESSION will begin

September 1st, 1904.

Good four year courses in Agriculture and Mechanic branches—short courses.

Young men desiring room for Fall Term should secure accommodations at once, as only about 100 lodgers can be received.

Write to-day to secure room. For further information or for catalogue address

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AT IMPORT PRICES.

NITRATE OF SODA,
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Buy pure materials, mix them according to your requirements and save money.

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ACADEMIC DEPARTMENT:
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Free tuition to teachers and to ministers' sons. Scholarships and loans to the needy.

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Fall Term begins Shptember 5, 1904. Address,

FRANCIS P. VENABLE, Pres't,
CHAPEL HILL, N. C.

SPECIAL RATES VIA THE SEABOARD AIR LINE RAILWAY

To Raleigh, N. C.,
Account North Carolina State Fair.

The Seaboard Air Line Railway announces that on account of the North Carolina State Agricultural Fair, to be held in Raleigh, October 17-22, they will have on sale tickets at special rate of one fare, plus fifty cents for the round trip, this including one admission to Fair Grounds. These tickets will be on sale October 14th to 21st, inclusive, and for trains arriving in Raleigh before noon of October 22d, 1904, with a final return limit of October 24th, continuous passage in each direction. There will also be on sale special reduced rates for brass bands, military companies, etc., when in uniform. These tickets will be sold from all points in Virginia and North Carolina.

For further information apply to your nearest Seaboard agent.

C. H. GATTIS,
Traveling Passenger Agent,
Raleigh, N. C.

The News and Observer.

of Raleigh, improves with each issue. The editorial department has always been particularly vigorous, and this department is kept up constantly to the past standard, while the news features gain strength and add scope day by day. Published at the State's natural news center, few items of interest escape the attention of its alert correspondents, whether pertaining to the affairs of the State's centers of population or happening on the coast or in the remote mountain sections. Enough to say that from every standpoint of a clean and vigorous newspaper The News and Observer covers the ground.

FITS permanently cured. No fits or nervousness after first day's use of Dr. Kline's Great Nerve Restorer. $2 trial bottle and treatise free. Dr. R. H. KLINE, Ltd., 931 Arch St., Phila., Pa.

Korean girls over seven are all taught at home.

Piso's Cure is the best medicine we ever used for all affections of throat and lungs.—WM. O. ENDSLEY, Vanburen, Ind., Feb. 15, 1895.

The man who first made steel pens got $1 each for them.

Itch cured in 30 minutes by Woolford's Sanitary Lotion. Never fails. Sold by all druggists, $1. Mail orders promptly filled by Dr. E. Detchon, Crawfordsville, Ind.

Of the 467 savings banks in Japan only one is foreign.

Charles Wagner, author of "The Simple Life," wants us to spend more time admiring the beauties of nature. That would be nice, all right, but while we were doing it some fellow without the love of nature in his heart would be stealing our job, the Washington Post comments.

Mrs. Elizabeth H. Thompson, of Lillydale, N.Y., Grand Worthy Wise Templar, and Member of W.C.T.U., tells how she recovered by the use of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—I am one of the many of your grateful friends who have been cured through the use of **Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound,** and who can to-day thank you for the fine health I enjoy. When I was thirty-five years old, I suffered severe backache and frequent bearing-down pains; in fact, I had womb trouble. I was very anxious to get well, and reading of the cures your Compound had made, I decided to try it. I took only six bottles, but it built me up and cured me entirely of my troubles.

"My family and relatives were naturally as gratified as I was. My niece had heart trouble and nervous prostration, and was considered incurable. She took your Vegetable Compound and it cured her in a short time, and she became well and strong, and her home to her great joy and her husband's delight was blessed with a baby. I know of a number of others who have been cured of different kinds of female trouble, and am satisfied that your Compound is the best medicine for sick women.' — MRS. ELIZABETH H. THOMPSON, Box 05, Lillydale, N.Y. — *$5000 forfeit if original of above letter proving genuineness cannot be produced.*

Write Quick FOR A Big Bargain

To better advertise the **South's Leading Business College,** four scholarships are offered young persons of this county at less than cost. WRITE TODAY.

GA-ALA. BUSINESS COLLEGE, Macon, Ga.

CORN MILLS AND MILLSTONES

If in need of Corn Mill or Millstones you will find it to your interest to correspond with CAROLINA MILLSTONE CO., of Cameron, N. C. Manufacturers of CORN MILLS from the famous *Moore County Grit.*

Dropsy CURED Gives Quick Relief.

Removes all swelling in 8 to 20 days; effects a permanent cure in 30 to 60 days. Trial treatment given free. Nothing can be fairer. Write Dr. H. H. Green's Sons, Specialists, Box B Atlanta, Ga.

RIPANS TABULES are the best dyspepsia medicine ever made. A hundred millions of them have been sold in a single year. Constipation, heartburn, sick headache, dizziness, bad breath, sore throat and every illness arising from a disordered stomach are relieved or cured by Ripans Tabules. One will generally give relief within twenty minutes. The five cent package is enough for an ordinary occasion. All druggists sell them.

John White & Co.
LOUISVILLE, KY.
Established 1837
Highest market price paid for raw
FURS and Hides.
Wool on Commission

HERE IT IS!

Want to learn all about a Horse? How to Pick Out a Good One? Know Imperfections and so Guard against Fraud? Detect Disease and Effect a Cure when same is possible? Tell the Age by the Teeth? What to call the Different Parts of the Animal? How to Shoe a Horse Properly? All this and Valuable Information can be obtained reading our 100-PAGE ILLUSTRATED HORSE BOOK, which we will send postpaid, on receipt of only 25 cents in stamps.

BOOK PUB. HOUSE,
134 Leonard St., N. Y. City

NoMoreBlindHorses For Specific Ophthalmia Moon Blindness & other Sore Eyes, Barry Co., Iowa City, Ia., have a sure cure.

So. 50.

PISO'S CURE FOR CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS. Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by druggists. CONSUMPTION 25 CTS. 25 CTS.

WOMAN AN EXPERT PIPER.

Skilled in Directing Operations of the Hydraulic Monster.

One of the very few expert woman pipers of the West is Mrs. M. E. Moore. She is not a piper such as the Scotch Highlander knows, but a piper of the Western hydraulic placer mines, the operator of a hydraulic giant.

At present Mrs. Moore is her husband's partner in the working of the Hudson placer mines of southern Oregon. And Mrs. Moore is a partner in every sense of the word. Every day she is at her post, taking her stand beside the big monitor long before the sun scares away the shadows from the mountain canons, and there she remains through the shift, directing the shaft of white that the monster hurls with a dash of spray against the towering gravel bank, tearing mountains away and robbing them of their gold.

Few men pipers, who are proud of their long records of years in Western placer fields, and likewise their $3.50 per day, are more dexterous with the giant nozzle than Mrs. Moore. She knows just how to swerve the deflector to drive an avalanche of boulders down the gulch, scattering them as wildly as a handful of bullets shot from a Gatling gun, and how to bring that long, deep growl from the aqueous monster as it gnaws and cuts deep at the base of the red clay bank, till a great slab of a thousand tons topples and falls with a crash from the mountain side and is washed away through the sluice boxes.—Sunset Magazine.

Crazed by Beckoning Dead Hand.

Gendarme No. 876, of Mexico City, was taken to the insane asylum recently after telling the following story of the finding of a human hand in Las Vizcainas alley:

The gendarme was walking along the alley when he saw a package on the sidewalk. On stooping to pick up the package he saw that it contained the forearm and hand of a woman. The flesh was still warm and the hand moved as if beckoning to the gendarme. The skin was white, one finger carried a diamond ring and on the wrist was a bracelet, showing that the member had been part of the body of a woman of the better class. The softness of the skin and the blue veins indicated that the hand belonged to some one beyond the ordinary.

The gendarme put the arm back where he had found it and ran frightened to the fourth comisaria, from which an ambulance was sent to pick up the arm. The gendarme would not return to the scene and later had to be taken to the hospital.—Mexican Herald.

Useful Turn-Ups.

Policeman, mailcarriers, messenger boys, business men and not a few women for several hours one day last week took part in a search for a $5 gold piece which dropped from the hand of a Ninth street business man who had received it in change at the postoffice. A lot of smaller change which had fallen at the same time was soon recovered, but not the gold coin. Very few cracks and crevices among the cobblestones escaped canes and prying eyes, but all in vain. Even pools of water were swept away, but to no purpose.

It did not seem possible that it could have rolled more than a few feet, although the street for half a square was carefully scrutinized. That evening the missing coin was found at least five miles away.

The man who had dropped it hurried out to his home in West Philadelphia, intending to return to a theater. Putting on his evening clothes, he went to hang up the pair of trousers he had taken off when something dropped to the floor with a ring. Before him lay the $5 gold piece.

When the piece fell it had landed in the turned up fold of his trousers.—Philadelphia Press.

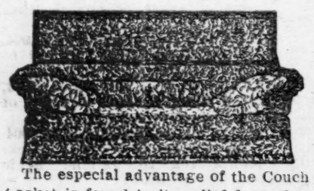
A NEW-STYLE CASKET.

An Innovation Which Does Away With the Uncomfortable-Appearing Coffin.

It is not so much what you pay for, nor what you pay, but what you get that needs your attention in the selection of a casket, for the genius of the twentieth century has been just as busy in the way of funeral furnishings as in other line, until today the styles of caskets are quite different from what they were fifty years ago and changing every day.

This is especially true in Metallic Caskets, the old style heavy cast iron goods having given away to the more up-to-date copper linings which are neatly fitted into the best grades of varnished or cloth covered work.

One of the latest designs as recently brought out by the National Casket Co., is what is designated as a Couch Casket, which has the appearance of a comfortable couch when open, yet retains all the requisite outlines of the best styles in regular casket work when closed.



The especial advantage of the Couch Casket is found in its relief from that stiffness usually noted in all other designs, and impressing the minds of the friends as well as that of the family with a feeling of peace and restfulness not known before.

If it is desired to retain all of the preservation qualities as found in the copper linings, the Couch Casket can be enclosed in a metal lined outside box, which will then answer the double purpose of preserving both the casket as well as the remains.

All undertakers in the south should be in a position to furnish these latest improved goods, as the National Casket Co's. large plant at Nashville, Tenn., has been especially fitted up for furnishing them on short notice, and large sales already proves that their efforts are being appreciated by the best class of people everywhere.

THE N. C. CONFERENCE

Interesting Session Held at Henderson—Some of the Appointments.

The North Carolina Annual Conference of the Methodist Episcopal church, South, which held its session at Henderson last week, closed Monday. It will meet next year at Wilson. Bishop Candler presided. The leading appointments are as follows:

Raleigh district: W. H. Moore, P. E., Raleigh, Edenton street, R. F. Bumpass; Central, F. A. Bishop; editor Raleigh Christian Advocate, T. N. Ivey; Superintendent Methodist Orphanage, J. W. Jenkins.

Durham district: J. T. Gibbs, P. E.; Durham, Trinity, R. C. Beaman; Main street, T. A. Smoot; president Trinity College, J. C. Kilgo; E. V. Yates, lecturer; Kinston, R. B. Johns.

Washington district: J. D. Bundy, P. E.; Washington, L. E. Thompson; Greenville, J. A. Hornaday; Rocky Mount, W. S. Rone.

Warrenton district: G. F. Smith, P. E.; Warrenton, C. W. Robinson; Henderson mission, L. L. Nash and R. D. Daniel; Littleton, G. B. Perry; Weldon, H. A. Humble; Littleton Female College, J. M. Rhodes, president.

Elizabeth City district: J. E. Underwood, P. E.; Elizabeth City, First church, A. P. Tyer; City Road, H. M. North; Plymouth, B. H. Black; Wilson, F. D. Swindell. Director of Correspondence School in Vanderbilt University, J. L. Cuniggim.

Conference adjourned sine die at 5:30 Bishop Candler pronouncing the benediction.

Will Honor Requisition.

Salisbury, Special.—A telegraph message from Governor Pennypacker, of Pennsylvania, declares that he will honor the requisition papers for Hugh C. Risdon, badly wanted in Rowan. Risdon is a smooth boy and stands charged with embezzlement, swindling and false pretensions towards the China Grove Furniture and Material Company. As a matter of fact he has not made way with any material amount of China Grove money, the victims of his scheme having spent more for his capture than they lost by his operations. Risdon, the plausible promoter, did not claim to have fabulous wealth himself, but was acting as middle man, a gentleman, named Brown, of course, from Chicago, had the kapecks to wage upon the new business and Risdon brought him to North Carolina. It is said that Risdon received not more than $150 for his work, and the loss to the stockholders will not exceed $800. He is expected in Salisbury about Wednesday.

Henderson Man a Suicide.

Henderson, Special.—Mr. Biscoe Bass killed himself Monday morning with a pistol, by a shot through the head. The deed was a great surprise and shock to the town. He was proprietor of the Eagle Pharmacy, and one of the best known young men in town. He was universally esteemed and highly popular, and no reason whatever can be assigned for the deed. Mr. Bass was married about a year and a half ago, his wife being Miss Ida Rowland, and his home life was peculiarly happy. He is a son of Mr. H. M. Bass, a prominent and esteemed citizen of Rocky Mount, and a brother of Dr. H. H. Bass, of Henderson.

Postal Deficit.

Washington, Special.—An increase of 92.53 per cent. over the previous year is shown by the financial statement for the postal service incorporated in the annual report of E. C. Madden, Third Assistant Postmaster General, for the fiscal year ended June 30, 1904. The report shows, however, that the increase in expenditures is on account of the rural free delivery service. Were it not for this extraordinary expenditure, the postal service would now be about self-sustaining. The total receipts from all sources for the fiscal year were $143,582,624, and the total expenditures $152,362,115, leaving a deficiency of $8,779,492. The deficiency for the previous year was $4,560,044.

Tar Heel Topics.

There was a headon collision on the Southern at East Durham Thursday night at 9:30 o'clock. Tom Trollinger, colored, fireman, was probably fatally injured, and Jack Price, yard conductor, suffered from scalded feet. Trollinger has badly broken ankle and knee, his right leg is cut, and he is scalded and probably hurt internally. The men were moved to the hospital.

As a sequel to a blind tiger trial in Durham last week two men were arrested on a charge of perjury.

The State Convention of County Superintendents of Public Instruction was held in Raleigh last week.

The Secretary of State has issued a charter to the W. I. Henderson Grocery Company, of Charlotte, to do a general merchandise and grocery business. The capital stock authorized is $25,000, business being commenced on $18,000, paid in. The incorporators are: W. I. Henderson, 119 shares, W. J. Thomas, 60 shares, and J. Arthur Henderson, 1 share, all of these being residents of Charlotte.

There is talk of establishing a dispensary at Lexington.

It is reported that coal in paying quantities has been found near Walnut Cove.

The convention of the Y. W. C. A. was held in Charlotte last week. It was largely attended and quite interesting.

A special from Columbia says: Petitions from qualified electors of the territory interested, reached the Governorn's office last week looking to the formation of the new county of Heyward from parts of Aiken and Edgefield counties with the county seat at North Augusta.

Death From Morphine.

Meridan, Miss., Special.—Otto Mayer, district manager for Maas & Newberger, cotton brokers, was found dead in his bed at the Southern Hotel Sunday afternoon. He had been dead eight of ten hours when his room was entered. The coroner's jury rendered a verdict of accidental death from an overdose of morphine taken to inauce sleep. Mr. Mayer was a native of Manheim, Germany, and had been in America seven or eight years. He was highly respected, and left his business affairs in good shape.

Excuses the Girls Gave.

"Our outlook for basket ball isn't very bright this year," remarked the captain of the senior basket ball team of a well known woman's college, as she held in her hands a number of resignations from girls who last year were enthusiastic players.

"Our worst loss is going to be our center, who doesn't return to college this year because she is going to get married. Of course, I can forgive her, but just listen to the excuses the others offer:

"One girl writes that she can't play this year because the game makes her hands large, and her father objects to that. Another says she can't play because she always loses her temper when the umpire calls a foul on her, and that her mother is afraid she'll become a regular 'cross patch.' I did expect something better of our little goal defender, but here is her resignation along with others, saying that she met a girl this summer who had played in that position at Bryn Mawr for three years, and she was such an aggressive, assertive person that she's afraid if she play goal defender any longer she will become like the Bryn Mawr woman."—Philadelphia Press.

LANGUAGE OF COIN.

"Count Penniless finds New York English easy to understand but hard to speak."

"Yes, in New York money talks."—Town Topics.

EVERY WALK IN LIFE.

A. A. Boyce, a farmer, living three and a half miles from Trenton, Mo., says: "A severe cold settled in my kidneys and developed so quickly that I was obliged to lay off work on account of the aching in my back and sides.

For a time I was unable to walk at all, and every make-shift I tried and all the medicine I took had not the slightest effect. My back continued to grow weaker until I began taking Doan's Kidney Pills, and I must say I was more than surprised and gratified to notice the back ache disappearing gradually until it finally stopped."

Doan's Kidney Pills sold by all dealers or mailed on receipt of price, 50 cents per box. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y.

Show for Sightseers.

When President Roosevelt was going from Oyster Bay to Washington recently he and his party passed through Thirty-fourth street, the chief executive bowing and smiling to those who saluted him.

As the mounted policemen who rode ahead reached Thirty-fourth street a big automobile with sightseers drew up on the north side of the street to let the carriages pass.

Suddenly the man with the megaphone yelled out:

"Ladies and Gentlemen: Here comes the president of the United States. I was one of his Rough Riders and arranged it with him to get here at the same time as this machine. You see we are strictly up to date."

The passengers grinned, but the grin changed to a puzzled expression when, as the barker shouted, "Hello, Colonel; you see I'm on deck," the president bowed and smiled cordially. They were not aware that he would do the same to any one who had the nerve to salute him as did the bogus Rough Rider.

Prize for Healthiest Baby.

During the past few weeks a novel baby competition has been running at York, England. The prize, a perambulator, was not given for the prettiest or heaviest infant, but for the cleanest and healthiest. To decide the winner a committee of ladies has been paying surprise visits at the homes of the competitors, and taking notes.

HAPPY CHILDHOOD.

Right Food Makes Happy Children Because They Are Healthy.

Sometimes milk does not agree with children or adults. The same thing is true of other articles of food. What agrees with one sometimes does not agree with others.

But food can be so prepared that it will agree with the weakest stomach. As an illustration—anyone, no matter how weak the stomach, can eat, relish and digest a nice hot cup of Postum coffee with a spoonful or two of Grape-Nuts poured in, and such a combination contains nourishment to carry one a number of hours, for almost every particle of it will be digested and taken up by the system and be made use of.

A lady writes from the land of the Magnolia and the mocking bird way down in Alabama and says: "I was led to drink Postum because coffee gave me sour stomach and made me nervous. Again Postum was recommended by two well known physicians for my children, and I feel especially grateful for the benefit derived.

"Milk does not agree with either child, so to the eldest, aged four and one-half years, I give Postum with plenty of sweet cream. It agrees with her splendidly, regulating her bowels perfectly, although she is of a constipated habit.

"For the youngest, aged two and one-half years, I use one-half Postum and one-half skimmed milk. I have not given any medicine since the children began using Postum, and they enjoy every drop of it.

"A neighbor of mine is giving Postum to her baby lately weaned, with splendid results. The little fellow is thriving famously." Name given by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich.

Postum agrees perfectly with children and supplies adults with the hot, invigorating beverage in place of coffee. Literally thousands of Americans have been helped out of stomach and nervous diseases by leaving off coffee and using Postum Food Coffee. Look in package for the little book, "The Road to Wellville."

You need light to raise
Tobacco
profitably. Be sure your fertilizer contains at least 10 per cent.
Actual Potash
from Sulphate.
We mail *free*, on request, our book "Tobacco Culture."
GERMAN KALI WORKS,
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CONTAINS
25,000 NEW WORDS, Etc.
New Gazetteer of the World
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2380 Quarto Pages.
New Plates. 1000 Illustrations.
Should be in Every Home, School, and Office

Rev. Lyman Abbott, D.D., Editor of The Outlook, says: Webster has always been *the favorite* in our household, and I have seen no reason to transfer my allegiance to any of his competitors.

FREE, "A Test in Pronunciation," interactive and entertaining. Also illustrated pamphlets.
G. & C. MERRIAM CO.,
Publishers, Springfield, Mass.

HOW to put a razor in clean shave order FREE. If you have razor trouble write P. O. Box 68, Chattanooga, Tenn. [AGENTS WANTED.]

So. 50.

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The capacity and reliability of these firms is of such superiority that their goods sell anywhere by mail or personal order—alike they get the most careful attention. Kindly keep this ad. as a reference—it may assist you some time in the future.

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Positions open daily for Bookkeepers and Stenographers. Over 11,000 graduates placed. Learn now. Send for catalogue. A present to all answering this. Address A. C. BRISCOE, Pres., or L. W. ARNOLD, Vice Pres., Department B, Atlanta, Ga.

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DEALERS AND AGENTS WANTED.
Address WHEELER & WILSON MFG. CO., Atlanta, Ga.

The Watkins "Boy" Hay Press. Cheap, Simple, Durable. Two boys can operate it (no other power needed) and bale the crop right in the field at less than cost of hauling to big press. It does lots of other things and costs only $25. Write for circulars. We buy and sell Lumber. E. E. LOWE CO., Atlanta, Ga.

The Voice of the Negro. The recognized authority of the Negroes of the Southern States. A magazine of, for, and by the Negro. Subscription price $1.00 per year. Agents wanted. Send 10c for sample copy.
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LARGEST LAUNDRY IN THE SOUTH.
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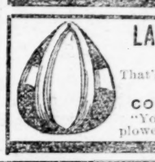
King Hardware Co.,
ATLANTA, GA.



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PREVENT GALLS AND SORE SHOULDERS.
That's very important to farmers. $1.00 each prepaid if your dealer doesn't handle. Write for free mem. book.
COUCH BROS. & J. J. EAGAN CO., Atlanta, Ga.
"Young mule's shoulder scalled all over, healed in one week and plowed daily with Lankford Collar. WM. BOYD, Cornerville, Ark."

WINCHESTER

'NEW RIVAL" BLACK POWDER SHELLS.
It's the thoroughly modern and scientific system of loading and the use of only the best materials which make Winchester Factory Loaded "New Rival" Shells give better pattern, penetration and more uniform results generally than any other shells. The special paper and the Winchester patent corrugated head used in making "New Rival" shells give them strength to withstand reloading.
BE SURE TO GET WINCHESTER MAKE OF SHELLS.

BEST FOR THE BOWELS
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CANDY CATHARTIC

THEY WORK WHILE YOU SLEEP
GUARANTEED CURE for all bowel troubles, appendicitis, biliousness, bad breath, bad blood, wind on the stomach, bloated bowels, foul mouth, headache, indigestion, pimples, pains after eating, liver trouble, sallow skin and dizziness. When your bowels don't move regularly you are sick. Constipation kills more people than all other diseases together. It starts chronic ailments and long years of suffering. No matter what ails you, start taking CASCARETS today, for you will never get well and stay well until you get your bowels right. Take our advice, start with Cascarets today under absolute guarantee to cure or money refunded. The genuine tablet stamped C C C. Never sold in bulk. Sample and booklet free. Address Sterling Remedy Company, Chicago or New York. 502

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SLOAN'S LINIMENT
FOR HORSES AND OTHER STOCK AND ALL FAMILY USES
It Kills Pain and Kills Germs
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W. L. DOUGLAS $3.50 SHOES

W. L. Douglas makes and sells more men's $3.50 shoes than any other manufacturer in the world.
The reason W. L. Douglas $3.50 shoes are the greatest sellers in the world is because of their excellent style, easy fitting and superior wearing qualities. If I could show you the difference between the stand why W. L. Douglas $3.50 shoes cost more to make, why they hold their shape, fit better, wear longer, and are of greater intrinsic value than any other $3.50 shoe on the market to-day, and why the sales for the year ending July 1, 1904, were $6,263,040.00.
W. L. Douglas guarantees their value by stamping his name and price on the bottom. Look for it—take no substitute. Sold by shoe dealers everywhere.
SUPERIOR IN FIT, COMFORT AND WEAR.
"I have worn W. L. Douglas $3.50 shoes for the last twelve years with absolute satisfaction. I find them superior in fit, comfort and wear to others costing from $5.00 to $7.00."—B. S. McCUE, Dept. Coll., U. S. Int. Revenue, Richmond, Va.
W. L. Douglas uses Corona Colt skin in his $3.50 shoes. Corona Colt is conceded to be the finest Patent Leather made. Fast Color Eyelets used exclusively.
W. L. DOUGLAS, Brockton, Massachusetts.

A Remarkable Operation.

The left arm of Thomas Shay, Jr., which had been shattered with buckshot, was saved by forcing the impoverished limb into his stomach for nourishment.

The operation ranks among the most skilful surgical feats performed at the New Orleans Charity Hospital. By nourishing the arm in the abdominal region the torn ligaments became reunited, a complete new skin grew, and after the parts had grown sufficiently the arm was removed from the stomach almost intact.

The operation obviated the necessity of amputation, and soon Shay will be able to use the arm.—New Orleans correspondence Philadelphia Press.

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IN EFFECT SEPT. 1, 1904.

SOUTHWARD.

	Daily No. 31	Daily No. 41
Lv. NY., P. R. R.,	12 25 pm	12 10 am
Lv. Philadelphia	2 55 pm	2 30 pm
Lv. Baltimore	5 10 pm	5 04 pm
Lv. Wash., W. S. Ry.	7 00 pm	10 44 am
Lv. Richmond, S.A.L.	10 35 pm	2 15 pm
Lv. Petersburg	11 17 pm	3 32 pm
Lv. Norlina	1 57 am	5 10 pm
Lv. Henderson	2 25 am	5 41 pm
Lv. Raleigh	4 05 am	7 10 pm
Lv. Southern Pines	6 00 am	9 05 pm
Lv. Hamlet	7 00 am	10 10 pm
Lv. Columbia	10 00 am	1 20 am
Ar. Savannah	2 20 pm	4 45 am
Ar. Jacksonville	6 10 pm	9 00 am
Ar. St. Augustine	9 15 pm	10 50 pm
Ar. Tampa	6 05 am	6 35 pm
	No. 34	No. 40
Lv. N. Y., N.Y.P.& N.	7 55 am	8 25 pm
Lv. Philadelphia	10 16 am	11 03 pm
Lv. N. Y., O.D.S.S.Co	3 00 pm	
Lv. Baltimore, B. S.P.Co.		6 50 pm
Lv. Wash., N.&W.S.B.		6 50 pm
Lv. Portsmouth, S. A. L.	9 30 am	9 25 am
Lv. Weldon	12 12 am	11 55 pm
Lv. Norlina	1 59 am	1 40 pm
Lv. Henderson	2 25 am	2 10 pm
Lv. Raleigh	4 15 am	4 00 pm
Lv. Southern Pines	6 20 am	6 16 pm
Lv. Hamlet	7 25 am	10 40 pm
Lv. Wilmington		3 10 pm
Ar. Charlotte	10 08 am	10 45 pm
Lv. Chester	10 30 am	1 10 am
Lv. Greenwood	12 53 pm	3 58 am
Lv. Athens	2 20 pm	6 35 am
Ar. Atlanta ‡	3 55 pm	8 10 am
Lv. Augusta, C. & W. C.	5 20 pm	
Ar. Macon, C. of Ga.	7 40 pm	11 10 am
Ar. Montg., A.&W.P.	9 20 pm	6 35 pm
Ar. Mobile, L. & N.	2 55 am	
Ar. N. Orleans, L. & N.	7 15 am	
Ar. Nash., N.C.& St.L.	6 40 am	6 55 pm
Ar. Memphis	3 45 pm	8 45 am

NORTHWARD

	Daily No. 32.	Daily No. 38
Lv. Mem., N.C.& St.L.	12 45 noon	8 00 pm
Lv. Nashville	9 30 pm	9 30 am
Lv. New Or., L. & N.,	8 15 pm	
Lv. Mobile, L. & N.	12 40 am	
Lv. Montg., A.&W.P	6 55 am	1 00 pm
Lv. Macon, C. of Ga.	8 00 am	4 20 pm
Lv. Augu., C. & W. C.	10 10 am	
Lv. Atlanta, S.A.L.	12 00 noon	8 00 pm
Ar Athens	2 57 pm	11 23 pm
Ar Greenwood	5 15 pm	1 56 am
Ar. Chester	7 17 pm	4 06 am
Lv. Charlotte	7 25 pm	5 01 am
Lv. Wilmington	3 10 pm	
Lv. Hamlet	10 30 pm	7 20 pm
Lv. South. Pines	11 15 pm	8 30 am
Lv. Raleigh	1 20 am	11 00 am
Lv. Henderson	2 48 am	12 37 pm
Lv. Norlina	3 30 am	1 40 pm
Lv. Weldon	5 05 am	3 00 pm
Ar. Portsmouth	7 50 am	5 30 pm
Ar. Wash., N & W.S.B.		6 55 am
Ar. Balti., B.S.P.Co.		6 30 am
Ar. N. Y., O.D.S.S.Co		5 00 pm
Ar. Phil., N.Y.P.&N	5 46 pm	5 10 am
Ar. New York	8 15 pm	8 00 am
	No. 50	No. 66
Lv. Tampa, S. A. L. Ry.	8 30 pm	8 50 am
Lv. St. Augustine	7 30 am	6 20 pm
Lv. Jacksonville	9 00 am	7 50 pm
Lv. Savannah	1 15 pm	12 10 am
Lv. Columbia	6 55 pm	5 50 am
Lv. Hamlet	10 30 pm	8 50 am
Lv. South. Pines	11 15 pm	9 35 am
Lv. Raleigh	1 20 am	11 35 am
Lv. Henderson	2 48 am	1 00 pm
Lv. Norlina	3 23 am	1 50 pm
Lv. Petersburg	5 27 am	4 02 pm
Ar. Richmond	6 10 am	4 55 pm
Ar. Wash., W.S.Ry.	9 50 am	8 36 pm
Ar. Baltimore, P.R.R.	11 25 am	11 25 pm
Ar. Philadelphia	1 40 pm	2 56 am
Ar. New York	4 15 pm	4 30 am

Note.—† Daily, except Sunday.
‡ Central Time. § Eastern Time. (M.P.)

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ATLANTIC AND N. C. R. R. CO.

Time Table No. 28, to take effect Sunday, November 9th, 1902, at 7:05 a. m., Eastern Standard Time. Supersedes Time Table No. 27, of June 8, 1902.

Pass. Daily 1st c	Pass. Daily 1st c	STATIONS	Pass. Daily 1st c.	Pass. Daily 1st c.
A.M.	P.M.		A.M.	P.M.
8 00	3 30	Lv Goldsboro Ar	11 05	6 30
† 8 18	† 3 50	Best's	10 43	† 6 08
8 26	3 59	LaGrange	10 34	7 57
† 8 37	† 4 10	Falling Creek	10 23	† 7 47
8 48	4 22	Ar Kinston Lv	10 12	7 37
		Kinston June		
† 9 02	† 4 36	Caswell	9 50	† 7 25
9 13	4 45	Ar Dover Lv	9 42	7 17
			Ar 9 40	
		Hines Siding	9 30	7 05
9 30	5 03	Core Creek	9 20	6 50
9 50	5 19	Tuscarora	9 12	† 6 42
† 9 56	† 5 25	Clark's		
		Neuse Crossing		6 30
10 10	5 40	Ar New Bern Lv	9 00	
	5 50	Lv	Ar 8 37	
	6 02	James City	8 13	†
	† 6 15	Riverdale	8 09	†
	† 6 18	Croatan	8 00	
	6 30	Havelock	7 45	
	6 43	Newport	7 30	†
	† 6 49	Wildwood	7 25	†
	† 6 54	Atlantic	7 27	
		Ar Atlantic Hotel Lv		
	7 05	Ar. City Depot Lv	7 05	
A.M.	P.M.		A.M.	P.M.

Train No. 9, freight, leaves Newbern at 1 30 pm, Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday, second-class.

Train No. 10, freight, arrives at Newbern at 10 45 am, Monday, Wednesday and Friday, second-class.

† Stop on signal.

S. L. DILL, Gen. Supt.
B. A. NEWLAND, Master of Trains
J. C. LEWIS, Chief Dispatcher.